



PRIORITY DOCUMENT

SUBMITTED OR TRANSMITTED IN COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 17.1(a) OR (b)

GB/04/04201



INVESTOR IN PEOPLE

The Patent Office Concept House Cardiff Road Newport South Wales

NP10 8QQ

REC'D 05 NOV 2004

WIPO PC

I, the undersigned, being an officer duly authorised in accordance with Section 74(1) and (4) of the Deregulation & Contracting Out Act 1994, to sign and issue certificates on behalf of the Comptroller-General, hereby certify that annexed hereto is a true copy of the documents as originally filed in connection with the patent application identified therein.

In accordance with the Patents (Companies Re-registration) Rules 1982, if a company named in this certificate and any accompanying documents has re-registered under the Companies Act 1980 with the same name as that with which it was registered immediately before re-registration save for the substitution as, or inclusion as, the last part of the name of the words "public limited company" or their equivalents in Welsh, references to the name of the company in this certificate and any accompanying documents shall be treated as references to the name with which it is so re-registered.

n accordance with the rules, the words "public limited company" may be replaced by p.l.c., lc, P.L.C. or PLC.

e-registration under the Companies Act does not constitute a new legal entity but merely bjects the company to certain additional company law rules.

Signed

Dated 18 October 2004

DESI AVAILABLE COPY



The **Patent Office**

P01/7700 0.00-0323002.6

Request for grant of a patentitle PATENT OFFICE (see the notes on the back of this form. You can also get an explanatory leaflet from the Patent Office to half

you fill in this form)

The Patent Office

Cardiff Road Newport
South Wales NP10 800

	Your reference	NPORT South Wales NP10 8QQ
		PRW/P201381
2.	Patent application number (The Patent Office will fill in this part)	0323002.6
3.	applicatie (anaerine an an name)	Pro-Fit International Limited Albion Mills Albion Road Bradford, BD10 9TF
	Patents ADP number (if you know it)	8250300002
	If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation	GB
4.	Title of the invention	Apparatus for Imparting Stretch to Fabrics
5.	Name of your agent (if you have one)	URQUHART-DYKES & LORD
	"Address for service" in the United Kingdom to which all correspondence should be sent (including the postcode)	Tower House Merrion Way Leeds LS2 8PA United Kingdom
	Patents ADP number (if you know it)	1644004
6.	If you are declaring priority from one or more earlier patent applications, give the country and the date of filing of the or of each of these earlier applications and (if you know it) the or each application number	Country Priority application number Date of filing (if you know it) (day/month/year)
7.	If this application is divided or otherwise derived from an earlier UK application, give the number and the filing date of the earlier application	Number of earlier application Date of filing (day/month/year)
8.	Is a statement of Inventorship and of right to grant of a patent required in support of this request? (Answer 'Yes' if: a) any applicant named in part 3 is not an inventor, or b) there is an inventor who is not named as an applicant, c) any named applicant is a corporate body.	Yes



Enter the number of sheets for any of the following items you are filing with this form. Do not count copies of the same document

Continuation sheets of this form	0	
Description	4	
Claim(s)	0	()
Abstract	0	9
Drawing(s)	1	



10. If you are also filing any of the following, state how many against each item.

Priority documents	0	
Translations of priority documents	•	
Statement of Inventorship and right to grant of a patent (Patents Form 7/77)	0	
Request for preliminary examination and search (Patents Form 9/77)	0	
Request for substantive examination (Patents Form 10/77)	0	
Any other documents (Please specify)	0	

Signature

Date

1 October 2003

12. Name and daytime telephone number of person to contact in the United Kingdom

P R WHARTON - 0113 245 2388

URQUHART DYKES & LORD

I/We request the grant of a patent on the basis of this application.

Warning

11.

After an application for a patent has been filed, the Comptroller of the Patent Office will consider whether publication or communication of the invention should be prohibited or restricted under Section 22 of the Patents Act 1977. You will be informed if it is necessary to prohibit or restrict your invention in this way. Furthermore, if you live in the United Kingdom, Section 23 of the Patents Act 1977 stops you from applying for a patent abroad without first getting written permission from the Patent Office unless an application has been filed at least 6 weeks beforehand in the United Kingdom for a patent for the same invention and either no direction prohibiting publication or communication has been given, or any such direction has been revoked.

Notes

- a) If you need help to fill in this form or you have any questions, please contact the Patent Office on 0645 500505.
- *b)* Write your answers in capital letters using black ink or you may type them.
- c) If there is not enough space for all the relevant details on any part of this form, please continue on a separate sheet of paper and write "see continuation sheet" in the relevant part(s). Any continuation sheet should be attached to this form.
- d) If you have answered 'Yes' Patents Form 7/77 will need to be filed.
- e) Once you have filled in the form you must remember to sign and date it.
- Ŋ For details of the fee and ways to pay please contact the Patent Office.



APPARATUS FOR IMPARTING STRETCH TO FABRICS

This invention relates to an apparatus for imparting stretch to fabrics and in particular relates to a way of controlling the stretch so imparted.

In our EP patent publication number 0705356 there is described an apparatus for imparting stretch to fabrics which comprises means for applying heat and pressure to a woven fabric, transport means for effecting relative movement between said heat and pressure application means and said fabric whereby passage of the fabric through the apparatus results in the yarn strands substantially across the width of the fabric being forced closer together, thus shrinking the fabric and imparting semi-permanent "ease" or "stretch" into the fabric. The fabric is subsequently fused to an interlining to stabilise the shrinkage and prevent it being lost in subsequent processing. Our EP patent publication no. 1200662 discloses a method of treating synthetic, heat-settable fabrics with this apparatus, and no interlining need be applied.

The fabric is generally in the form of strips, and a number of strips may be processed simultaneously going side by side through the apparatus.

If the strips or tapes have a repeat pattern, for example in the case of jacquard labels, it is very important that the shrinkage be constant so that, when the processed tapes are indexed on conventional 'cut and fold'. label producing equipment, the labels will be of a consistent length. Even small variations in shrinkage can render the labels useless since label application equipment, including 'pick and place' systems and automatic type label sewing systems rely on accurately cut and folded labels for their operation. Variations in temperature and pressure of the process as well as processing speed can cause variations in the properties, e.g. degree of shrinkage, of the product so-formed.

The present invention seeks to provide an apparatus having improved control means so as to maintain a constant degree of shrinkage in the fabric treated.

According to the present invention, there is provided an apparatus for the treatment of fabric which comprises transport means for effecting relative movement between a heat and pressure

application means and the fabric, whereby the passage of the fabric through the apparatus results in the yarns substantially across the width of the fabric being forced closer together, thus imparting semi-permanent "ease" or "stretch" into the fabric, characterised in that fabric speed control means are employed downstream of the apparatus whereby to maintain the fabric output speed at a predetermined level.

The speed control means may comprise any suitable mechanism but preferably comprise nip rollers, which grip the fabric and may be driven at a constant, predetermined speed. This ensures that the fabric output speed is constant also. If speed control means, e.g. nip rollers, are also employed on the input side of the apparatus, the speed difference between the input and output means can be controlled and made constant thus ensuring that the fabric shrinkage is constant also.

To take an example, if 25% shrinkage is required in a particular fabric, the output rollers are set to run at 75% of the speed of the input rollers. The parameters of the apparatus are set to achieve a minimum fabric shrinkage level of 25% and the output rollers effectively stretch any over-shrunk fabric back to this value.

In general terms, the parameters of the apparatus can be altered by varying the temperature, pressure or throughput speed of the process.

In a preferred embodiment of the invention, additional control means is present to detect any under shrinkage. If the latter were to occur, a loop would appear in the tape prior to the output rollers. If this is detected action can be taken to adjust the parameters of the apparatus to correct the fault, i.e. increase the shrinkage of the fabric being treated.

Since the labels are usually synthetic material, e.g. polyester, there is often no need to fuse them to an interlining before subsequent use, but this may be done if desired.

The invention will be described further, by way of example, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:



Figure 1 is a diagrammatic plan view of an apparatus modified in accordance with the invention; and

Figure 2 is a side view corresponding to Figure 1.

Referring to the drawings, apparatus according to our above mentioned European patent publication number 0705356 B comprises a rubberised conveyor belt (20) driven by conveyor rollers (22,24) and a heated roller (26) which is held against the belt (20) in close proximity to roller (24) so as to apply heat and pressure to fabric strips or tapes (12) passing through the nip formed between the rollers (26) and (24). The strips (12) are fed onto the conveyor and the fabric strip direction is at right angles to the axis of the heated roller (26). The strips are progressed through the nip of the roller (26) and the conveyor (20) (Figure 2).

The result of this treatment is to force the strands which pass substantially across the width of the strip to draw closer together, as discussed in our above mentioned European patent publication, shrinking the fabric and imparting stretch to it.

In accordance with the invention, this apparatus is modified by the provision of driven output nip rollers (28) downstream of the apparatus. As illustrated an idler roller (30) is employed to accommodate the change in path of the strips (12).

In addition, speed control means, in this case driven nip rollers (32), are also employed on the input side of the apparatus. Thus the speed difference between the input and output means can be controlled and made constant thus ensuring that the fabric shrinkage is constant also.

In operation the input speed is set by adjusting the drive speed of the input rollers (32) and the parameters of the apparatus adjusted (heat and pressure of roller (26)) to give the desired level of shrinkage. The speed of the output rollers (28) can then be calculated and set, ensuring a constant degree of shrinkage in the strips (12) treated. If the strips (12) are strips of labels, their indicia will then line up exactly with subsequent cutting equipment and when cut will be of a consistent length. Such labels may be fused to a further interlining to stabilise the shrinkage, and thus stretch, of the labels which may then be incorporated into garments which themselves



have stretch properties without adversely affecting those properties as would be the case if they were non-stretch. Alternatively, where the labels are of a thermoplastic synthetic material, e.g. polyester, the mechanical stretch properties of the processed material may be sufficient such that no further fused interlining will be required.

Thus, in accordance with the invention, stretch labels can be processed and variability in shrinkage may be reduced or eliminated so that they are of consistent length for subsequent processing equipment such as cut and fold label producing equipment.

FCT/GB2004/004201

BEST AVAILABLE COPY